

RENAFAE Workshop 2021

Development of GEMs and its technological applications

An overview of the research done at HEPIC-USP and perspectives

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- Support the GEM based ALICE-TPC during Run 3
 - Aging and degradation
 - Sanity check and monitoring
- Develop a fully functional prototype of a GEM based radiation detector aiming applications in science and technology
 - *Energy and position sensitivity*
 - Develop local expertise
 - Sensor and data acquisition system

Research under the RD51 collaboration

Goals









Introduction

Applications

Developments

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ALICE-TPC upgrade for the Run 3









Neutron detection with imaging capabilities

Neutron detector schematics

- Enabling GEM sensitivity to neutrons by a conversion layer
- Boron carbide to neutron absorption with emission of alpha and lithium ion (both ionize the gas)





Aluminum cathode

FPIC

Neutron detection with imaging capabilities

HEPIC

Deep understanding of the physical model

 Good agreement between experimental observation and Geant4 simulations.





Efficiency obtained experimentally: **2.66(30)%**

X-ray detection with energy and position sensitivity

Images in transmission mode

- Triple-GEM with strip read-out (256 strips for each dimension)
- 100 cm² active area
- Operating with Ar/CO₂ (70/30) at atmospheric pressure
- Gain of the order of 10⁴
- Acquisition rate \approx 1.2kHz





Resolution mask image



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X-ray detection with energy and position sensitivity

HFPIC





Detector field of view limited by a • 1 mm tantalum pinhole enabling near field images

Images in fluorescence mode

Acquisition rate ≈ 250 Hz



Distance(mm)

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Distance/

12

Energy(keV)









Introduction

Applications

Developments

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Electronics and data acquisition: the SAMPA chip

- A new ASIC for the readout of gaseous detector of high energy experiments (ALICE @LHC [CERN], STAR and sPHENIX @ RHIC [EUA], MPD @NICA [Russia])
- Developed in São Paulo by LSI, Escola Politécnica (design) and local . HEPIC group (validation)
- **Specs**
 - TSMC CMOS 130 nm, 1.25V technology
 - 32 channels, Front-end + ADC + DSP
 - package size $\leq 15 \times 15 \text{mm}^2$ (total footprint)
 - ADC: 10-bit resolution, 10MS/s, ENOB>9.2
 - DSP functions: pedestal removal, baseline shift corrections, zero-suppression
 - Data transmission: up to 11 e-link at 320 Mbps to GBTx, SLVS I/O
 - Power < 32 mW/channel (FrontEnd+ADC)
- Already in operation @STAR and @ALICE, more developments for sPHENIX and studies ongoing to wide even more its possible applications:

Porting the SAMPA in the Scalable Readout-System (SRS), a standard in the RD51 community



← SAMPA-SRS Interface board Interface board to the SRS FEC.

Contains the demultiplexer

 \leftarrow Display port cable \rightarrow A DP cable, 5 data links (4 SAMPAs + clock&controls), used to connect the hybrid and crate electronics

SAMPA-SRS Hvbrid → Hybrid with 4 SAMPAS, readying 128 channels. Each SAMPA has a devoted multiplexer to send out 4 e-links via one higher speed data link





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Collaboration with LSI-POLI

First results with optical lithography and chemical etching

• Copper film micro-patterned

Method: Laser cut Why? - New, clean (free of KOH) and fast When? - Equipment maintenance









Micrometer resolution 3D printing

Enabling flexibility and speed to prototyping

- Projection micro stereolithography (collaboration with BMF3D):
 - Printing voxel resolution: 2-3 μm
 - Single exposure size:
 3.84 mm (X) * 2.16 mm (Y) * 10 mm (Z)
 - Maximum product size:
 38.4mm (X) * 21.6mm (Y) * 10 mm (Z)





Zheng, X., Deotte, J., Alonso, M.P., Farquar, G.R., Weisgraber, T.H., Gemberling, S., Lee, H., Fang, N. and Spadaccini, C.M., 2012. Design and optimization of a light-emitting diode projection micro-stereolithography three-dimensional manufacturing system. *Review of Scientific Instruments*, 83(12), p.125001. [link]





Exploring new geometries



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First printing results

- Tests of spatial resolution
- Hexagonal matrix of holes in dielectric material
 - Holes with 50 µm diameter
- Material HDDA based polymer
- Conclusions:
 - Consistent along the foil
 - Very reproducible
 - Flexibility of geometry





Aging study workflow



The study of aging and degradation processes enable:

- Optimization for technological applications
- Contribution to the understanding of the GEM aging of the ALICE-TPC





- Stainless steel chamber

 Clean ambient and avoid degassing.

 Inlet/Filtering Chamber

 Filed with purifying materials.
 Removal of eventual H₂O and O₂ contamination.

 Outlet/Monitoring chamber

 Environmental sensors:

 Temperature and pressure.
 Gas quality monitoring:
 - $\blacksquare H_2O, O_2 \text{ and } H_2.$
- Both attached to the GEM chamber • To avoid tubes.





- Applications
 - Readouts (purchase or new design?)
 - Electronics based on SAMPA chip [Cost estimate in progress]
- Local production
 - Lithography and etching or laser cutting? [Cost estimate in progress]
 - Support to the 3D printing project [Supplies and services]
- Aging and degradation
 - Expenses on analysis [Cost estimate in progress]
 - Sensor to the controlled experiments [~U\$20k]
 - Gas analysis in the outlet (mass spectrometer) [~U\$60k]
 - Dielectric Relaxation Spectroscopy (sanity check of GEM foils) [~U\$100k]



• Possible funding:

- FAPESP and CNPq are already supporting projects

• Possible spin-offs:

- X-ray detector with energy and position sensitivity
 - Dosimetry and medical physics
 - Security and quality control
 - Síruis@LNLS?
- Neutron detector with position sensitivity
 - Nuclear reactors like RMB and IPEN
- Others:
 - Diagnostics in fusion reactors